Ealing Council Code of Conduct for Members

Part 1

Introduction and scope

- 1.1 This Code applies to you as a member of Ealing Council.
- 1.2 It is your responsibility to comply with the provisions of this Code.
- 1.3 In this Code, "meeting" means any meeting of:
 - a. full council
 - b. the Cabinet
 - c. any of the council's or its Cabinet's committees, sub-committees, advisory committees, joint committees or joint sub-committees;

"member" includes a co-opted member and an appointed member.

"Outside Body" means any organisation to which you are either appointed by Ealing Council or nominated to by Ealing Council (including school governing bodies)

- 2.1 Subject to sub-section s (2.2) to (2.5), you must comply with this Code whenever you:
 - conduct the business of the council (which, in this Code, includes the business of the office to which you are elected or appointed) or of an Outside Body; or
 - b. act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting as a representative of the council or of an Outside Body,

and references to your official capacity are construed accordingly.

- 2.2 Subject to sub-sections (2.3) and (2.4), this Code does not have effect in relation to your conduct other than where it is in your official capacity.
- 2.3 In addition to having effect in relation to conduct in your official capacity, section 5 also has effect, at any other time, where that conduct constitutes a criminal offence for which you have been convicted.
- 2.4 Conduct to which this Code applies (whether that is conduct in your official capacity or conduct mentioned in sub-section (2.3)) includes a criminal offence for which you are convicted (including an offence you committed before the date you took office, but for which you are convicted after that date).
- 2.5 Where you act as a representative of the council:
 - a. on another relevant authority, you must, when acting for that other authority, comply with that other authority's code of conduct; or

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b. on any other body (including an Outside Body), you must, when acting for that other body, comply with Ealing Council's code of conduct, except and insofar as it conflicts with any other lawful obligations to which that other body may be subject.

Part 2

High standards of conduct

3. You must maintain a high standard of conduct, and comply with the following general principles of conduct:

The General Principles

- **Selflessness** you should serve only the public interest and should never improperly confer a benefit on yourself or an advantage or disadvantage on any other person.
- Integrity you should maintain high standards of conduct at all times; you should not place yourself in situations where your integrity may be questioned; and you should avoid any appearance of improper behaviour.
- **Objectivity** you should make decisions on merit, including when making appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards or benefits.
- **Accountability** you should be accountable to the public for your actions and the manner in which you carry out your responsibilities and should co-operate fully and honestly with any scrutiny appropriate to your particular office.
- Openness you should be as open as possible about your actions and those of the council, and should be prepared to give reasons for those actions.
- Honesty you should be truthful in your council work and, particularly in dealings with the public, you should not knowingly make false statements of fact.
- Leadership you should promote and support these principles by leadership, and by example, and should act in a way that secures or preserves public confidence.
- 4. You must not conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing your office or the council into disrepute.

- 5.1 You must treat others with respect.
- 5.2 You must not:
 - a. do anything which may cause the council to breach its public sector equalities duty or other responsibilities under the Equalities Act 2010 (or replacement legislation)
 - b. bully any person;
 - c. intimidate or attempt to intimidate any person who is or is likely to be:
 - a complainant
 - a witness
 - involved in the administration of any investigation or proceedings in relation to an allegation that a member (including yourself) has failed to comply with the council's code of conduct; or
 - d. do anything which compromises or is likely to compromise the impartiality of those who work for, or on behalf of, the council.
- 6. You must not:
 - a. disclose information given to you in confidence by anyone, or information acquired by you which you believe, or ought reasonably to be aware, is of a confidential nature, except where:
 - you have the consent of a person authorised to give it
 - you are required by law to do so
 - the disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional advice provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or
 - the disclosure is:
 - reasonable in all the circumstances
 - o in the public interest; and
 - made in good faith and in compliance with the reasonable requirements of the council; or
 - b. prevent another person from gaining access to information to which that person is entitled by law.

7. You:

 must not use or attempt to use your position as a member improperly to confer on or secure for yourself or any other person, an advantage or disadvantage; and

- b. must, when using or authorising the use by others of the resources of the council:
 - Act in accordance with the council's reasonable requirements;
 - Ensure that such resources are not used improperly for political purposes (including party political purposes)
- 8.1 When reaching decisions on any matter you must have regard to any relevant advice provided to you by:
 - a. the council's chief finance officer; and
 - b. the council's director of legal and democratic services, where that officer is acting pursuant to his or her statutory duties.
- 8.2 You must give reasons for all decisions in accordance with any statutory requirements and any reasonable additional requirements imposed by the council.
- 9. You must participate fully in the programme of training organised for you by officers, including any training by or for any Outside Bodies to which you have been appointed.
- 10. The requirement to comply with the provisions of this Code is subject to rights of councillors under the Human Rights Act 1998, in particular Article 10 (Freedom of Expression)

Part 3

Interests

Pecuniary interests and registration

- 11.1 For the purposes of this Code, a pecuniary interest is a "disclosable pecuniary interest" in relation to a person ("M") if it is of a description specified in regulations made by the Secretary of State and either:
 - a. it is an interest of M's, or
 - b. it is an interest of:
 - M's spouse or civil partner,
 - a person with whom M is living as husband and wife, or
 - a person with whom M is living as if they were civil partners,

and M is aware that that other person has the interest.

11.2 Subject to section 14, you must, within 28 days of your election or appointment to office, notify the Director of Legal and Democratic Services of any disclosable pecuniary interests which you have at the date when the notification is given

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- 11.3 Subject to section 14, you must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any new disclosable pecuniary interest or change to any pecuniary interest registered under sub section 14.2, notify the Director of Legal and Democratic Services of that change or new interest
- 11.4 The Director of Legal and Democratic Services will maintain the council's register of interests, and enter onto that register all interests notified to them

Disclosure of pecuniary interests

- 12.1 Sub sections (12.2) and (12.4) apply to you if you:
 - a. are present at a meeting of the council or of any committee, subcommittee, joint committee or joint sub-committee, Cabinet or Cabinet sub committee meeting,
 - b. have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any matter to be considered, or being considered, at the meeting, and
 - c. are aware that the condition in paragraph 12.1 (b) is met.
- 12.2 If the interest is not entered in the council's register, you must disclose the interest to the meeting, but this is subject to section 14.
- 12.3 If the interest is not entered in the council's register and is not the subject of a pending notification, you must notify the Director of Legal and Democratic Services of the interest before the end of 28 days beginning with the date of the disclosure.
- 12.4 You may not:
 - a. participate, or participate further, in any discussion of the matter at the meeting, or
 - b. participate in any vote, or further vote, taken on the matter at the meeting,
 - c. remain in the meeting during the duration of any discussion of the matter

but this is subject to section 15.

- 12.5 Sub sections 12.6 and 12.7 apply if:
 - a. a function may be discharged by a member acting alone,
 - b. you have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any matter to be dealt with, or being dealt with, by you in the course of discharging that function, and
 - c. you are aware that the condition in sub section 12.5 (b) is met.
- 12.6 If the interest is not entered in the Council's register and is not the subject of a pending notification, you must notify the Director of Legal and Democratic Services of the interest before the end of 28 days beginning with the date when you become aware that the condition in sub section 12.5 (b) is met in relation to the matter.

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- 12.7 You must not take any steps, or any further steps, in relation to the matter (except for the purpose of enabling the matter to be dealt with otherwise than by you).
- Where you give a notification for the purposes of sub sections 12.3 and 12.6, the Director of Legal and Democratic Services will enter the interest notified in the Council's register (whether or not it is a disclosable pecuniary interest).
- 12.9 You will be excluded from a meeting while any discussion or vote takes place in which, as a result of the operation of sub section 12.4, you may not participate.
- 12.10 For the purpose of this section, an interest is "subject to a pending notification" if:
 - a. under this section or section 14, the interest has been notified to the Director of Legal and Democratic Services, but
 - b. that interest has not yet been entered in the council's register in consequence of that notification.

13. Gifts and Hospitality

Councillors receive an allowance for their service on behalf of the council and their constituents. However, some people may believe that they will get a better service or receive more favourable treatment if they provide additional payments or offer you favours; this is not the way the council operates.

All excessive gifts or hospitality should be refused or returned. Any gifts or hospitality with a value exceeding £25 should in any event be declared to the Director of Legal and Democratic Services, who will enter it onto your register of interests.

Sensitive interests

- 14.1 Sub sections 14.2 and 14.3 apply where:
 - a. you have an interest (whether or not a disclosable pecuniary interest),
 and
 - b. the nature of the interest is such that both you and the Director of Legal and Democratic Services consider that disclosure of the details of the interest could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation.
- 14.2 If the interest is entered in the council's register, then copies of the register that are made available for inspection, and any published version of the register, must not include details of the interest (but may state that you have an interest the details of which are withheld under this subsection).
- 14.3 If section 12.2 applies in relation to the interest, that provision is to be read as requiring you to disclose not the interest but merely the fact that you have a disclosable pecuniary interest in the matter concerned.

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Dispensations

- The Director of Legal and Democratic Services may, on a written request made by you, grant a dispensation relieving you from either or all of the restrictions in section 12.4 in cases described in the dispensation.
- The Director of Legal and Democratic Services may grant you a dispensation under this section only if, after having had regard to all relevant circumstances, he or she:
 - a. considers that without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited by section 12.4 from participating in any particular business would be so great a proportion of the body transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business,
 - b. considers that without the dispensation the representation of different political groups on the body transacting any particular business would be so upset as to alter the likely outcome of any vote relating to the business.
 - c. considers that granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the authority's area,
 - d. considers that without the dispensation each member of the Cabinet would be prohibited by section 12.4 from participating in any particular business to be transacted by the Cabinet, or
 - e. considers that it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.
- A dispensation under this section must specify the period for which it has effect, and the period specified may not exceed four years.
- 15.4 Section 12.4 does not apply in relation to anything done for the purpose of deciding whether to grant a dispensation under this section.

Offences

16. You should remember that a breach of the statutory requirements set out in Part 3 of this Code may constitute a criminal offence.

Part 4

Related documents

- 17. The council has adopted other codes and protocols which do not form part of this Code but which deal with specific activities you may be required or wish to carry out in the course of your duties as a councillor. You are required to comply with the latest version of these from time to time and any breach may be regarded as a breach of this Code. The following codes and protocols are currently in effect:
 - 1. Code of Conduct for Members in relation to Planning Matters
 - 2. Code of Conduct for Members in relation to Licensing Matters

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- 3. Use of Information Technology: Guidance on the Ealing Local Code of Conduct for members
- 4. Convention on Working Relations

Guidance

18. If you need further advice or guidance on interpretation of this Code, please contact:

Head of Democratic Services, or

Director of Legal and Democratic Services

Appendix

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

Subject	Prescribed description
Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by M in carrying out duties as a member, or towards the election expenses of M.
	This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992(1).
Contracts	Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the relevant authority:
	 a. under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and
	b. which has not been fully discharged.
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the relevant authority.
Licences	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant authority for a month or longer.

Subject	Prescribed description
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to M's knowledge):
	 a. the landlord is the relevant authority; and
	 the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where—
	 a. that body (to M's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the relevant authority; and
	b. either:
	 the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or
	II. if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class."